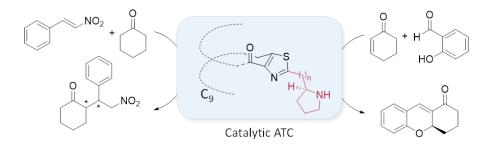
## Towards Catalytic Foldamers: Thiazole-based Pyrrolidine Monomers as Organocatalysts in Enantioselective Transformations



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In the field of ecofriendly chemical transformations, considerable attention has been paid to organocatalytic processes to achieve carbon-carbon bond forming reactions. In such a context, great achievements have been reached following a bioinspired approach in constructing catalytic sites from short artificial folded oligomers (so call foldamers).<sup>1</sup> Over the last years, our group have explored a class of heterocyclic  $\gamma$ -peptides built around a thiazole ring, named ATCs (4-amino(methyl)-1,3-thiazole-5-carboxylic acids), adopting a highly stable helix structure.<sup>2</sup> Recently, these  $\gamma$ -peptides have been validated as synthetically tractable platforms for a nitro-Michael addition reaction.<sup>3</sup> In a natural extension of the undertaken studies, we now intend to further investigate the catalytic abilities of our objects. In addition to the optimization of the nitro-Michael addition reaction, we explored a more challenging reaction, consisting in the oxa-Michael aldol addition reaction between salicylaldehyde and cyclohexanone.<sup>4</sup> We herein report the design and synthesis of catalytic ATCs and the optimizations of the reaction conditions. By transposing this preliminary work to the corresponding catalytic ATC-based  $\gamma$ -peptide foldamers, we intend to increase the chiral induction of the transformation.



## **References**

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